

Why Orthodox Jews Don't Believe In Jesus

For 2,000 years Jews have rejected the Christian idea of Jesus as messiah. *Why?*

by [Rabbi Shraga Simmons](#)

One of the most common questions we receive at Aish.com is: "Why don't Jews believe in Jesus?" Let's understand why — not in order to disparage other religions, but rather to clarify the Jewish position.

Jews do not accept Jesus as the messiah because:

1. Jesus did not fulfill the messianic prophecies.
2. Jesus did not embody the personal qualifications of the Messiah.
3. Biblical verses "referring" to Jesus are mistranslations.
4. Jewish belief is based on national revelation.

But first, some background: *What, exactly, is the Messiah?*

The word "Messiah" is an English rendering of the Hebrew word "*Mashiach*", which means "Anointed." It usually refers to a person initiated into God's service by being anointed with oil. (Exodus 29:7, I Kings 1:39, II Kings 9:3)

Since every King and High Priest was anointed with oil, each may be referred to as "an anointed one" (a *Mashiach* or a Messiah). For example: "God forbid that I [David] should stretch out my hand against the Lord's Messiah [Anointed, - *Saul*]..." (I Samuel 26:11. Cf. II Samuel 23:1, Isaiah 45:1, Psalms 20:6)

Where does the Jewish concept of Messiah come from? One of the central themes of Biblical prophecy is the promise of a future age of perfection characterized by universal peace and recognition of God. (Isaiah 2:1-4; Zephaniah 3:9; Hosea 2:20-22; Amos 9:13-15; Isaiah 32:15-18, 60:15-18; Micah 4:1-4; Zechariah 8:23, 14:9; Jeremiah 31:33-34)

Many of these prophetic passages speak of a descendant of King David who will rule Israel during the age of perfection. (Isaiah 11:1-9; Jeremiah 23:5-6, 30:7-10, 33:14-16; Ezekiel 34:11-31, 37:21-28; Hosea 3:4-5)

Since every King is a Messiah, by convention, we refer to this future anointed king as *The* Messiah. The above is the only description in the Bible of a Davidic descendant who is to come in the future. **We will recognize the Messiah by seeing who the King of Israel is at the time of complete universal perfection.**

1. Jesus Did Not Fulfill the Messianic Prophecies

What is the Messiah supposed to accomplish? The Bible says that he will:

- A. Build the Third Temple (Ezekiel 37:26-28).
- B. Gather all Jews back to the Land of Israel (Isaiah 43:5-6).
- C. Usher in an era of world peace, and end all hatred, oppression, suffering and disease. As it says: "Nation shall not lift up sword against nation, neither shall man learn war anymore." (Isaiah 2:4)

D. Spread universal knowledge of the God of Israel, which will unite humanity as one. As it says: "God will be King over all the world — on that day, God will be One and His Name will be One" (**Zechariah 14:9**).

If an individual **fails** to fulfill even **one** of these conditions, then he cannot be "The Messiah."

Because **no one has ever fulfilled the Bible's description of this future King**, Jews still await the coming of the Messiah. All past Messianic claimants, including **Jesus of Nazareth**, **Bar Cochba** and **Shabbtai Tzvi** have been **rejected**. [and now, **Menachem Mendel Schneerson**]

Christians counter that Jesus will fulfill these in the **Second Coming**, but Jewish sources show that the Messiah will fulfill the prophecies outright; **in the Bible no concept of a second coming exists**.

2) Jesus Did Not Embody the Personal Qualifications of Messiah

A. Messiah as Prophet

The Messiah will become the greatest prophet in history, second only to Moses. (**Targum - Isaiah 11:2; Maimonides - Yad Teshuva 9:2**). [*Rabbinical*]

Prophecy can only exist in Israel when the land is inhabited by a majority of world Jewry, a situation which has not existed since 300 BCE. During the time of **Ezra**, when **the majority of Jews refused to move from Babylon to Israel**, **prophecy ended** upon the death of the last prophets — **Haggai, Zechariah** and **Malachi**.

Jesus was not a prophet; he appeared on the scene approximately 350 years after prophecy had ended.

B. Descendent of David

According to Jewish sources, the Messiah will be born of human parents and possess normal physical attributes like other people. He will not be a demi-god, (1) nor will he possess supernatural qualities.

The Messiah must be descended on his father's side from King David (see **Genesis 49:10, Isaiah 11:1, Jeremiah 23:5, 33:17; Ezekiel 34:23-24**). According to the Christian claim that Jesus was the product of a **virgin birth**, he had no father — and thus could not have possibly fulfilled the messianic requirement of being descended on his father's side from King David. (2)

C. Torah Observance

The Messiah will lead the Jewish people to full Torah observance. The Torah states that all mitzvot remain binding forever, and anyone coming to change the Torah is immediately identified as a **false prophet**. (**Deuteronomy 13:1-4**)

Throughout the New Testament, Jesus contradicts the Torah and states that its commandments are no longer applicable. For example, **John 9:14** records that Jesus made a paste in violation of Shabbat, which caused the Pharisees to say (verse 16), "He does not observe Shabbat!"

3) Mistranslated Verses "Referring" to Jesus

Biblical verses can only be understood by studying the original Hebrew text — which reveals many discrepancies in the Christian translation.

A. Virgin Birth

The Christian idea of a virgin birth is derived from the verse in **Isaiah 7:14** describing an "*alma*" as giving birth. The word "*alma*" has always meant a **young woman**, but Christian theologians came centuries later and translated it as "virgin." This accords Jesus' birth with the first century pagan idea of mortals being impregnated by gods.

B. Suffering Servant

Christianity claims that **Isaiah chapter 53** refers to Jesus, as the "suffering servant."

In actuality, **Isaiah 53 directly follows the theme of chapter 52**, describing the exile and redemption of the Jewish people. The prophecies are written in the **singular form** because the Jews ("Israel") are regarded as one unit. Throughout Jewish scripture, Israel is repeatedly called, in the singular, the "Servant of God" (see **Isaiah 43:8**). In fact, Isaiah states no less than **11 times** in the **chapters prior to 53** that **the Servant of God is Israel**. When read correctly, **Isaiah 53** clearly [and ironically] refers to the Jewish people being "bruised, crushed and as sheep brought to slaughter" at the hands of the nations of the world. These descriptions are used throughout Jewish scripture to graphically describe the suffering of the Jewish people (see **Psalms 44**). **Isaiah 53** concludes that when the Jewish people are redeemed, **the nations** will recognize and accept responsibility for the inordinate suffering and death of the Jews.

4) Jewish Belief is Based Solely on National Revelation

Throughout history, thousands of religions have been started by individuals, attempting to convince people that he or she is God's true prophet. But personal revelation is an extremely weak basis for a religion because one can never know if it is indeed true. Since others did not hear God speak to this person, they have to take his word for it. Even if the individual claiming personal revelation performs miracles, there is still no verification that he is a genuine prophet. Miracles do not prove anything. All they show — assuming they are genuine — is that he has certain powers. It has nothing to do with his claim of prophecy.

Judaism, unique among all of the world's major religions, does not rely on "claims of miracles" as the basis for its religion. In fact, the Bible says that God sometimes grants the power of "miracles" to charlatans, in order to test Jewish loyalty to the Torah (**Deuteronomy 13:4**).

Of the thousands of religions in human history, only Judaism bases its belief on national revelation — i.e. God speaking to the entire nation. **If God is going to start a religion, it makes sense He'll tell everyone, not just one person.**

Maimonides [The Rebbe] states (**Foundations of Torah, ch. 8**): [*Rabbinical*]

The Jews did not believe in Moses, our teacher, because of the miracles he performed. Whenever anyone's belief is based on seeing miracles, he has lingering doubts, because it is possible the miracles were performed through magic or sorcery.

*All of the miracles performed by Moses in the desert were **because they were necessary**, and **not** as **proof of his prophecy**.*

*What then was the basis of [Jewish] belief? The Revelation at Mount Sinai, which we saw with our own eyes and heard with our own ears, not dependent on the testimony of others... as it says, "**Face to face, God spoke with you...**" The Torah also states: "**God did not make this covenant with our fathers, but with us — who are all here alive today.**" (Deuteronomy 5:3)*

Judaism is not miracles. It is the personal eyewitness experience of every man, woman and child, standing at Mount Sinai 3,300 years ago.

For further reading: ["Did God Speak at Mount Sinai?"](#)

Waiting for the Messiah

The world is in desperate need of Messianic redemption. And to the extent we are aware of the problems of society, is the extent we will yearn for redemption. As the **Talmud** says, one of the first questions asked of a Jew on Judgment Day is: "**Did you yearn for the arrival of the Messiah?**"

How can we hasten the coming of the Messiah? The best way is to love all humanity generously, to keep the mitzvot of the Torah (as best we can), and to encourage others to do so as well.

Despite the gloom, the world does seem headed toward redemption. One apparent sign is that the Jewish people have returned to the Land of Israel and made it bloom again. Additionally, a major movement is afoot of young Jews returning to Torah tradition.

The Messiah can come any day, and it all depends on our actions. God is ready when we are. For as King David says: "**Redemption will come today — if you hearken to His voice.**" [Psalm 95:3 – 7]

For further study: • [Jews for Judaism](#)

- "[The Real Messiah.](#)" by Rabbi Aryeh Kaplan
- "[Let's Get Biblical! Why Doesn't Judaism Accept the Christian Messiah?.](#)" by Rabbi Tovia Singer
- "[The Path of the Righteous Gentile.](#)" by Chaim Clorfene and Yakov Rogalsky

FOOTNOTES

1. Maimonides devotes much of the "**Guide for the Perplexed**" to the fundamental idea that God is incorporeal, meaning that He assumes no physical form. God is Eternal, above time. He is Infinite, beyond space. He cannot be born, and cannot die. Saying that God assumes human form makes God small, diminishing both **His unity** and **His divinity**. As the Torah says: "God is not a mortal" (Numbers 23:19).
2. In response, it is claimed that Joseph adopted Jesus, and passed on his genealogy via adoption. There are **two problems** with this claim:

- a) There is no Biblical basis for the idea of a father passing on his tribal line by adoption. A priest who adopts a son from another tribe cannot make him a priest by adoption;
- b) Joseph could never pass on by adoption that which he doesn't have. Because **Joseph** descended from **Jeconiah** (Matthew 1:11) he fell under the curse of that king *that none of his descendants could ever sit as king upon the throne of David.* (Jeremiah 22:30; 36:30)

To answer this difficult problem, apologists claim that Jesus traces himself back to King David through his mother Mary, who *allegedly* descends from David, as shown in the third chapter of **Luke**. There are four basic problems with this claim:

- a) There is no evidence that Mary descends from David. The third chapter of Luke traces Joseph's genealogy, not Mary's.
- b) Even if Mary can trace herself back to David, that doesn't help Jesus, since **tribal affiliation** goes only through the father, not mother. Cf. Numbers 1:18; Ezra 2:59.
- c) Even if family line *could* go through the mother, Mary was not from a legitimate Messianic family. According to the Bible, the Messiah must be a descendent of David through his son Solomon (II Samuel 7:14; I Chronicles 17:11-14, 22:9-10, 28:4-6). The third chapter of Luke is irrelevant to this discussion because it describes lineage of David's son Nathan, not Solomon. (Luke 3:31)
- d) Luke 3:27 lists **Shealtiel** and **Zerubbabel** in his genealogy. These two also appear in Matthew 1:12 as descendants of the **cursed Jeconiah**. If Mary descends from them, it would also *disqualify her* from being a Messianic progenitor.

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יהוה

The name of our Creator is made up of four, Hebrew **VOWELS, Y H W H יהוה**
 (source: Flavius Josephus - *Antiquities of the Jews*)

The letter ה (h) when used as a vowel, usually has the "ah," "ha," or the "huh" sound. The ה is the *definite* article, or **THE, SPECIFIC, to the EXCLUSION of ALL others.**

This is exemplified in showing the difference between the word "eretz," meaning land, and the words "ha_Eretz," meaning **THE Land of Israel, to the exclusion of all others.**

In Hebrew, the letters י (y) and ו (v)(w) are used interchangeably, and when located in the first, second, or third position in a word, indicate the tense of the word, either past, future, or continuing.

Being placed in the first and third positions, the י and ו indicate that the name is **both past and future**, or, - *Eternal*.

The ה preceding **both** the י and the ו means that the name is specifically, to the exclusion of all others, both *past* and *future*, or **THE Eternal**.

Furthermore, being *singular*, and *being found twice*, the ה would also allow the addition of the word, **ONE**, as a descriptor.

The Name, **YHWH**, could then be logically rendered as **The Eternal ONE**, because **He** has eternal existence, **to the exclusion of all others.**

It is pronounced in one, long breath, like the wind, with the accent on the middle syllable. .

eeeeeeaaaaaa UUUUUU' waaaah